



#### Phyto-toxicological Effects of Copper Nanoparticles in Bell Pepper (*Capsicum annum*) plants

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Sustainable Nanotechnology Organization Orlando, FL, November, 2016







# Structure of the presentation

- Introduction
  - Nanoparticles
  - Bell pepper plants
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusions







# Introduction



#### **WCEIN** Factors affecting NPs induced toxicity towards terrestrial plants





Reddy, P. V. L., Hernandez-Viezcas, J. A., Peralta-Videa, J. R., & Gardea-Torresdey, J. L. (2016). Lessons learned: Are engineered nanomaterials toxic to terrestrial plants?. *Science of The Total Environment*, *568*, 470-479.





### Copper Nanoparticles (NPs)



SEM Micrographs of copper nanoparticles

Hong, Jie, Cyren M. Rico, Lijuan Zhao, Adeyemi S. Adeleye, Arturo A. Keller, Jose R. Peralta-Videa, and Jorge L. Gardea-Torresdey. "Toxic Effects of Copper-Based Nanoparticles Or Compounds to Lettuce (Lactuca Sativa) and Alfalfa (Medicago Sativa)." *Environmental Science: Processes & Impacts* 17, no. 1 (2015): 177-185.







Global flows for Cu and oxides of Cu (metric tons/yr) in 2010



Keller, Arturo A., Suzanne McFerran, Anastasiya Lazareva, and Sangwon Suh. "Global Life Cycle Releases of Engineered Nanomaterials." *Journal of Nanoparticle Research* 15, no. 6 (2013): 1-17.





# Bell pepper plants Capsicum annum

- ➢ Rich in anti-oxidants like carotenoid, sugars, vitamin C.
- Fruit is 92% water, rest are carbohydrates and small amount of protein and fat









# Methodology







# Soil

- > Soil collected on the east side of El Paso, TX.
- Soil characterization conducted on Malvern Mastersizer Hybrid 2000G
  - Sand : 19.7 %
  - Silt : 64.92 %
  - Clay : 15.38 %
- Natural soil : silt loam





# UC VCEIN Sowing seeds at the green house for seedling transplantation







#### Preparing pots in the lab







#### Plant growth stages : full growth cycle 90 days

#### Seedlings growing

Seedlings ready for transplantation

Plants 10 days post transplantation

Freshly transplanted seedlings

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400 might news





# Plant growth stages : full growth cycle 90 days

Plants 30 days post transplantation

Fully matured plants, 90 days post transplantation

Plants 60 days post transplantation, fruiting

Plants 45 days post transplantation, flowering





# Conditions at the green house

- Controlled environment, temperature, relative humidity, and light intensity
  - Average light 10.1 mol/m<sup>2</sup>/d
  - Average day temperature 27.2±1.6°C
  - Average night temperature 25±2.1°C
- ➢ Water every other day, or as need be with fertilizer solution, 15-5-15 ratio of N-P₂O₅-K₂O, pH: 5.8, EC: 1.00 mS/cm
- Abamectin, Avid 0.15 EC , to treat aphids or white fly

USD







# Harvesting





#### Gas exchange measurement: LI-6400XT portable photosynthesis system























### Acid digestion and sample analysis on the ICP-OES







# Results







### Chlorophyll content, nCuO vs ionic copper treatments











# EINGas Exchange: Stomatal conductance, nCuO vs ionic copper treatments





### Gas exchange : Photosynthesis, nCuO vs ionic Research Level copper treatments





#### Elemental analysis of root samples, copper









# Elemental analysis of leaves samples, copper





#### Elemental analysis of fruit samples,



copper







### Conclusions

➤ Gas exchange : evapotranspiration, stomatal conductance, and photosynthesis were not significantly different with respect to the control but were statistically different with respect to each other at the different concentrations of nCuO and CuCl<sub>2</sub>.

→ The copper content in root samples was significantly increased at 125  $mg/kg CuCl_2$ , 250 mg/kg nCuO and  $CuCl_2$ , and at 500 mg/kg nCuO and  $CuCl_2$  wrt the control. The two treatments were significantly different at the highest concentration.

➤ The leaf samples found significantly higher amount of copper at 250 mg/kg and 500 mg/kg concentration of both the compounds wrt the control.

Significantly higher amount of copper was found in the fruit samples at 125 mg/kg ionic treatment.







## Acknowledgements

UCCEIN for funding the research

> Texas AnM Agrilife Research and Extension Centre at El Paso, TX.

- ➢University of Texas at El Paso
- ≻Lab Mates
- ➢ Faculty
  - Dr Youping Sun
  - Dr Jose A. Hernandez
  - Dr Jose R. Peralta
  - Dr Jorge Gardea Torresday
- >The SNO conference organizers







## References

Reddy, P. Venkata Laxma, J. A. Hernandez-Viezcas, J. R. Peralta-Videa, and J. L. Gardea-Torresdey. "Lessons Learned: Are Engineered Nanomaterials Toxic to Terrestrial Plants?" *Science of the Total Environment* 568, (10/15, 2016): 470-479.

Hong, Jie, Cyren M. Rico, Lijuan Zhao, Adeyemi S. Adeleye, Arturo A. Keller, Jose R. Peralta-Videa, and Jorge L. Gardea-Torresdey. "Toxic Effects of Copper-Based Nanoparticles Or Compounds to Lettuce (Lactuca Sativa) and Alfalfa (Medicago Sativa)." *Environmental Science: Processes & Impacts* 17, no. 1 (2015): 177-185.

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# Thank You! Questions ?



